Gregory King's Tables, 1668

| Number of Families | Ranks, Degrees, Titles & Qualifications | Heads/Family | Number of Persons | % /Total Persons | Yearly Income/ Family - £ | Number of Families | Ranks, Degrees, Titles & Qualifications | Heads/Family | No. of Persons | %/Total Persons* | Yearly Income/ Family - £ |
|--------------------|--|--------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|---|--------------|----------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| 160 | Temporal Lords | 40 | 6,400 | 0.18 | 3,200 | 40,000 | Freeholders of the better sort | 7 | 280,000 | 5.09 | 91 |
| 26 | Spiritual Lords | 20 | 520 | 0.01 | 1,300 | 120,000 | Freeholders of the lesser sort | 5½ | 660,000 | 12.00 | 55 |
| 800 | Baronets | 16 | 12,800 | 0.23 | 880 | 150,000 | Farmers | 5 | 750,000 | 13.04 | 42.10s |
| 600 | Knights | 13 | 7,800 | 0.14 | 650 | 15,000 | Persons in liberal arts and sciences | 5 | 75,000 | 1.36 | 60 |
| 3,000 | Esquires | 10 | 30,000 | 0.53 | 450 | 50,000 | Shopkeepers and tradesmen | 4½ | 225,000 | 4.09 | 45 |
| 12,000 | Gentlemen | 8 | 96,000 | 1.75 | 280 | 60,000 | Artisans and handicrafts | 4 | 240,000 | 4.36 | 38 |
| 5,000 | Persons in greater offices and places | 8 | 40,000 | 0.73 | 240 | 5,000 | Naval officers | 4 | 16,000 | 0.36 | 60 |
| 5,000 | Persons in lesser offices and places | 6 | 30,000 | 0.55 | 120 | 4,000 | Military officers | 4 | 16,000 | 0.29 | 60 |
| 2,000 | Eminent merchants and traders by sea | 8 | 16,000 | 0.29 | 400 | 50,000 | Common seamen | 3 | 150,000 | 2.73 | 20 |
| 8,000 | Lesser merchants and traders by sea | 6 | 48,000 | 0.87 | 198 | 364,000 | Labouring people and out servants | 3½ | 1,275,000 | 23.18 | 15 |
| 10,000 | Persons in the law | 7 | 70,000 | 1.27 | 154 | 400,000 | Cottagers and paupers | 31/4 | 1,300,000 | 23.13 | 6.10s |
| 2,000 | Eminent clergymen | 5 | 40,000 | 0.22 | 50 | 35,000 | Common soldiers | 2 | 70,000 | 1.27 | 14 |
| 8,000 | Lesser clergymen | 5 | 40,000 | 0.73 | 50 | | Vagrants, as gipsies, thieves, beggars etc | | 30,000 | 0.55 | |
| | | Total | 5,500,520 | _ | | | | | | | |

Notes: The "Heads per family" are the persons living under one roof; the "family" includes the servants in the house as well as the children. The poor, therefore, are put down as having much smaller "families" than the rich, athough the average children still alive and at home might be number of the same in all classes. The "families and incomes" given are, of course, guesses at the average figure: in each class, some householders would have larger "families" and incomes than the figure set down, while others in the same class lived on a smaller scale. The "Freeholders" include not only owners of their own farms, but also copyholders and tenants for life. Finally, it must be remembered that "Labouring "cottagers and paupers", the two largest classes in people and out servants", and the community, include many who had small rights in land of one kind or another.

^{*} The Percentage columns were not in the original Gregory Table – these were added by LMF.

ⁱ G M Trevalyan, p279. (Table originally printed in Charles Davenant's Works (1771) Vol II, p.184 with further figures).